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Welcome to the latest edition of the IACL e-news.

Founded in 1962, the IACI is the leading Irish American cultural organization. The IACI is a federally recognized 501(c)(3) not-for-profit national organization devoted to promoting an intelligent appreciation of Ireland and the role and contributions of the Irish in America.

Guest contributors are always welcome! Please note, the IACI is an apolitical, non-sectarian organization and requests that contributors consider that when submitting articles. The IACI reserves the right to refuse or edit submissions. The views and opinions expressed in this newsletter are solely those of the original authors and other contributors. These views and opinions do not necessarily represent those of the IACI or any/all contributors to this site. Please submit articles for consideration to cbuck@iaci-usa.org.

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ON THIS DAY IN IRISH HISTORY -AUGUST

1st

- 1906 The Catholic hierarchy rule out mixed education at Trinity College, Dublin.
- 1915 Funeral of Jeremiah O'Donovan Rossa, at which Patrick Pearse gives an oration.
- 1969 A huge rally outside the GPO in Dublin protests events in Northern Ireland.
- 1980 Eighteen people die in the Buttevant Rail Disaster.

3rd

1916 - Roger Casement hanged for treason.

5th

1969 - Severe sectarian rioting in Belfast.

7th

1957 - A war memorial in Limerick is blown up.

1986 - Peter Robinson, deputy leader of the DUP, is arrested for illegal assembly after a Loyalist mob takes over a village in County Monaghan.

8th

1980 - Ten people die in a hotel fire at Bundoran.

9th

1971 - Internment without trial is introduced in Northern Ireland.

11th

- 1927 Fianna Fáil TDs join the Dáil for the first time.
- 1950 At a meeting of the European Consultative Assembly in Strasbourg, Irish representatives vote against the European army proposed by Winston Churchill.

12th

- 1898 James Connolly publishes the first copy of the Workers' Republic newsletter.
- 1946 A plane carrying 23 French Girl Guides crashes in the Wicklow Mountains.

13th

- 1931 Business resumes in the Four Courts following damage caused in the Civil War.
- 1969 The Taoiseach Jack Lynch says on television that Ireland 'can no longer stand by' given the situation in Northern Ireland.
- 1995 Gerry Adams tells a rally in Belfast that the IRA 'haven't gone away'.

14th

1903 - Wyndham Land Act passed, offering incentives to landlord to sell their estates.

15th

- 1838 Government introduces relief work and a reduction in tithes for the poor.
- 1843 Repeal meeting at Tara.
- 1969 A night of violence and arson in Belfast. Sinn Féin calls for UN intervention and the boycott of British goods.
- 1998 Real IRA bomb at Omagh kills 29 people.

16th

- 1879 Land League of Mayo founded at Castlebar.
- 1969 British soldiers are deployed in Belfast.
- 1982 The Attorney General Patrick Connolly resigns after a wanted killer is found at his house.

17th

1922 - Dublin Castle is formally handed over to the IRA by the British.

1969 - Northern Ireland protesters clash with the Garda Síochána in Dublin.

18th

1911 - The British House of Lords loses its veto power beyond two years, making Home Rule possible.

19th

1989 - 10,000 people march in Dublin calling for Britain's withdrawal from Northern Ireland.

20th

1888 - Christian Brothers College founded in Cork.

21st

1962 - Former US President Eisenhower arrives in Belfast.

1970 - The Social Democratic and Labour Party is founded in Northern Ireland.

22nd

1922 - Michael Collins is killed in an ambush at Béal na Bláth.

23rd

1921 - Stormont Castle agreed as the Parliament building for Northern Ireland.

27th

1928 - Ireland becomes a signatory of the Kellogg Peace Pact.

1969 - The B-Specials begin to hand over their guns. British Home Secretary James Callaghan visits Belfast.

1979 - The IRA kill Lord Mountbatten, his grandson and the grandson's friend; on the same day, an IRA ambush at Warrenpoint kills 18 British soldiers.

28th

1835 - St. Vincent's Ecclesiastical Seminary opened at Castleknock.

1930 - Rembrandt painting found in an Irish cottage is authenticated.

31st

1994 - IRA announces a ceasefire.

IRISH HISTORY QUIZ

During which years did the Irish Potato Famine take place?	1845 - 49
In what year did the Phoenix Park murders take place?	1882
What was the common name for phytophthora infetans, a major cause of the crisis?	Potato Blight
Where in Ireland was the last fatal duel fought. (Thanks to Patrick Hegarty for this question, answer Ref. source. H.P. SWAN, Romantic Inishowen.)	Druminderry Bridge. North East of Buncrana, Co. Donegal.
Which people from the British mainland came to Ireland when James I was on the British throne?	The Scots
Which Society, also called the Quakers, was at the forefront of famine relief?	The Society of Friends
Which Rule movement was led by Parnell?	Home Rule
What was Parnell's first name?	Charles
Where did most people emigrate to after the Famine of the 1840s?	USA
Who was the first High King of Ireland?	Brian Boru
What was John Barry known as?	'Father of the American Navy'
In Co Mayo in 1798, who landed 1,000 men at Killala?	General Humbert, of France
Which famous Irish siege lasted from 18 December 1688 to 28 July 1689?	Derry
Which Oliver came to Ireland in the mid 17th century?	Cromwell
When did Dublin celebrate the Millennium of its birth?	1988
Which President of Ireland resigned on 22 October 1976 following the comments of the then Minister for Defence Patrick Donegan?	Cearbhall O'Dalaigh
Who was known as the Liberator?	Daniel O'Connell
On whose tombstone are the words "He is now where fierce indignation can no longer tear his heart"?	Jonathan Swift
Which Scandinavians invaded Ireland in the 9th and 10th centuries?	Vikings
Who was the Mayo-born man who became the "Father of the Argentinian Navy"?	Admiral William Brown
In what year did the Irish Civil War break out?	1922